MLA Checklist

| 1. | Paper heading: Your name, the class, the professor's name, the date. |
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| 2. | Date format: ex: 15 February 2009 |
| 3. | Double Spaced (Including heading and Works Cited) |
| 4. | 1 inch margins around the entire paper |
| 5. | Page numbers on the top left corner of the page except the first page. Format: Smith 1 |
| 6. | Clearly written thesis statement. This should take the form of an argument. |
| 7. | No contractions. |
| 8. | No 2 nd person (you). |
| 9. | Works Cited at the end of the paper. This should be titled Works Cited and should be double spaces with a hanging indent. |
| 10. | In-text citations. Follow the MLA guide to use the appropriate citing technique. For example: The novel states, "the sky is blue" (Jonson 65). |
| 11. | In the in-text citations, there is no comma between the author's name and the page number. |
| | 12 Quotations that are more than three lines of a paper need to be blocked. This means that you should move them to the center of the page and set the quotation off with a colon. Ex: |
| | Gina exclaims that she like berries when she states: |
| | Berries are my favorite sweets in the whole world. When I eat a blueberry it seems that I taste a little part of my childhood that my memory will never be able to let go. I remember picking them on the side of the road with my grandfather. With my hand in his, the whole world seemed so safe. (Smith 251) |
| 13. | Integrated quotes. Quotations should not stand alone. Make sure they are integrated into your sentences such as: Author John Smith argues, "people should get at least eight hours of sleep a night" (99). |
| 14. | Do not introduce a secondary title in your work. That is what the works cited is for. |

| 15. | If you say the author's name before a quotation (like example 14) then you do not need to put the author's name in the in-text citation. |
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| 16. | Watch for parallelism mistakes. |
| 17. | No dangling modifiers. Ex: Wearing a dress was her favorite activity. It should be: Her favorite activity was to wear a dress. |
| 18. | Avoid using clichés and everyday terminology. Use academic diction. Ex: do not use phrases such as: She was green with envy. She was madder than a hen., etc. |
| 19. | Avoid starting multiple sentences with the same diction. Ex: However she has a good time. However, that good time would soon be ruined. |
| 20. | Use transitions! A few that will help the fluidity of your paper are: therefore, however, although, and overall. |
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