# How and When to Cite in Psych 367

# Q: When do I need to cite a source?

**A**: Whenever you use information that you didn't know before you came into the class, you need to cite it. This includes (but isn't limited to):

- Definitions of concepts
- Explanations of theories
- References to ideas

# Q: How do I cite a source?

**A**: In general, you write the location from which you received the information in parentheses after the information. The exact format will vary by the source of the material:

## 1) If the material comes from lecture

# In-text citation:

Example: Social psychology includes the study of attraction (Zorwick, 1/5/00).

### **References Section:**

Smith, A. B. (2003, March 4). Abnormal Behaviors. Presented at a PSY 235 lecture at Purdue University.

# 2) If the material comes from your textbook

#### In-text citation:

First Time - Example: Social psychology includes the study of attraction (Aronson, Wilson & Akert, p. 3).

Second and all later times - Example: Social psychology includes the study of attraction (Aronson et al., p. 3).

# **References Section:**

Helfer, M. E., Keme, R. S., & Drugman, R. D. (1997). *The battered child* (5th ed.). Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

# 3) If the material comes from an outside source

### **In-Text Citation:**

Example: Attitudes can be changed through two different processes (Petty & Cacioppo, 1986).

## References Section (for a Journal Article):

Harlow, H. F. (1983). Fundamentals for preparing psychology journal articles. *Journal of Comparative and Physiological Psychology*, 55, 893-896.